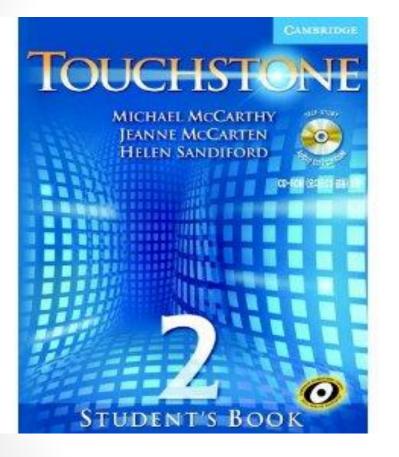
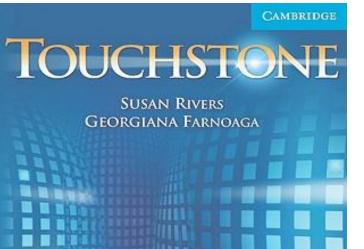


English 101 Lecture (1)

#### Students Book



#### Work Book

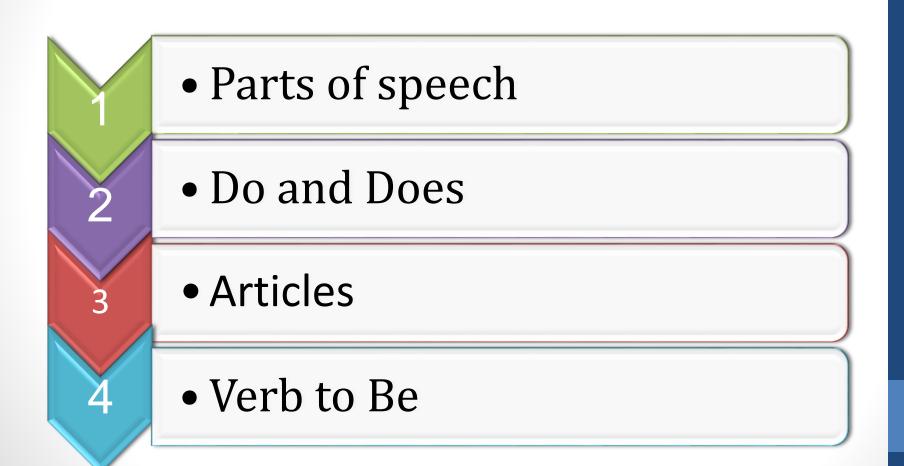


Workbook

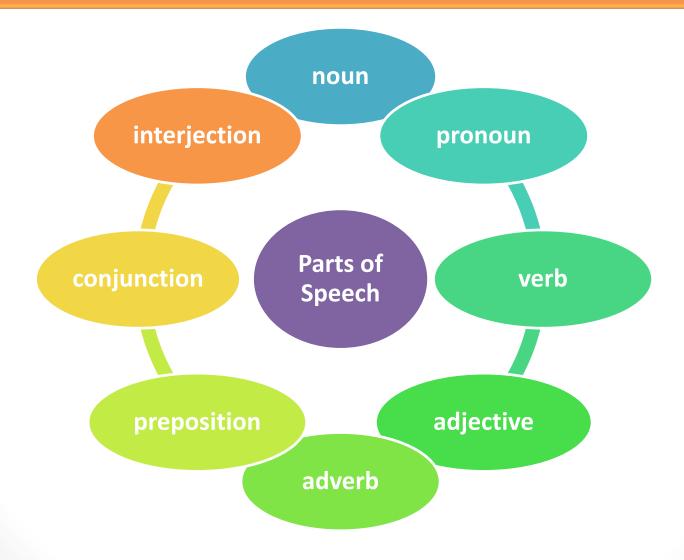
### Marks Distribution

| Discussions                          | 10         |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Homework and quizzes                 | 10         |
| Downloading and watching the classes | 10         |
| Final exam                           | 70         |
| <u>Total</u>                         | <u>100</u> |

# **General Introduction**



# Parts of Speech



### Parts of Speech

| Part of speech | function   | Example words                                 | Sentence example  |
|----------------|--|---|---|
| Noun           | Words that Name<br>People, places, things,<br>or ideas | Khaled, Dammam,<br>Computer, Living<br>room.  | <ul> <li>-Khaled kicked the ball.</li> <li>- Isabel cooks very well.</li> </ul>               |
| Pronoun        | word that takes the place of a noun.                   | He, she, it , they,<br>we.                    | -He kicked the ball.<br>- she cooks very well   |
| Verbs          | Word that express an action or state of being          | Do, swim, play,<br>write, eat feel,<br>help.  | <ul> <li>-Khaled swims every<br/>day.</li> <li>Ali and Mohammad<br/>play football.</li> </ul> |
| Adjective      | Describe nouns and pronouns.                           | Nice, big, easy,<br>a/an, the, old,<br>small. | -This is a big class.<br>- I have a nice car.   |

raits of speech

#### (cont)

| Part of speech | function  | Example words  | Sentence<br>example   |
|----------------|---|--|---|
| Adverb         | Describing verbs,<br>adjectives, and<br>adverbs.  | Well, badly,<br>quietly, brightly,<br>perfectly, very,<br>quite. | -I speak English<br>perfectly.<br>- The girl is feeling<br>badly.               |
| Preposition    | Short words to link<br>nouns to another<br>words. | In, on, for, from,<br>to, by, on.                                | <ul><li>The picture on the wall.</li><li>He traveled to Saudi Arabia.</li></ul> |
| Conjunction    | Connects words,<br>sentences, or clauses          | And, but, or, when   | -She like silver and gold.  |
| Interjection   | Words shows<br>emotions and<br>exclamations.      | Wow, Oh!, ouch.  | - wow, I won the competition.   |



- Is a word that is usually the name of something such as a person, place, thing, idea, or animals. In English.
- *nouns can be singular or plural.*
- <u>Person</u>: Ahmad, Sarah (proper nouns/names of people) teacher, student, doctor, .....etc.
- <u>Place</u>: USA, UK, Dammam, street, building, house
- <u>Things</u>: chair, table, laptop, TV
- <u>Idea</u>: truth, fear, anger, imagination
- <u>Animals</u>: cat, dog, fish, ant, snake

# Nouns (cont)



• For the plural form of most nouns, add <u>s</u>.

| Singular | Plural   |
|----------|----------|
| bottle   | Bottles  |
| window   | windows  |
| sticker  | stickers |
| book     | books    |
| car      | cars     |



• For nouns that end in ch, x, s, z, or s sounds, add es.

| Singular | Plural  |
|----------|---------|
| bus      | buses   |
| watch    | watches |
| box      | boxes   |
| fox      | foxes   |
| glass    | glasses |



• For nouns ending in **f** or **fe**, change **f** to **ves**.

| singular | plural  |
|----------|---------|
| knife    | knives  |
| thief    | thieves |
| life     | lives   |
| wife     | wives   |
| leaf     | leaves  |



• Nouns ending in vowels like y or o do not have definite rules:

| Singular | plural                |
|----------|-----------------------|
| memo     | memos                 |
| baby     | babies                |
| toy      | toys                  |
| kidney   | kidney <mark>s</mark> |
| stereo   | stereos               |



• Some nouns have different plural forms (irregular):

| singular | plural   |
|----------|----------|
| child    | children |
| woman    | women    |
| man      | men      |
| mouse    | mice     |
| goose    | geese    |



• A few nouns have the same singular and plural forms:

| singular | plural  |
|----------|---------|
| sheep    | sheep   |
| deer     | deer    |
| series   | series  |
| species  | species |

# Singular and plural exercise

**Fill the gaps with the correct form of the nouns (singular or plural).** 

- 1. They ate some (tomato or tomatoes).
- 2. You can put (sugar or sugars) sugar in your tea.
- 3. We have to buy new (furniture or furniture's) .
- 4. I need to wash my (hair or hairs) .
- 5. We had lots of (fun or funs) .
- 6. The Milford's have a lot of (money or moneys) .
- 7. How many (people or peoples) were at the cinema with you?
- 8. In this hotel, (family or families) are very welcome.
- 9. Those (man or men) seem to be very tired.

### Articles :

- Basically, an article is an adjective. Like adjectives, articles modify nouns.
- $\rightarrow$  The = definite article
- $\rightarrow$  a/an = indefinite article
- Let's read a book. (any book)
- ✓ Let's read the book. (specific book)



The is used to refer to a *specific or particular member of* a group.
 "I just saw the most popular movie of the year"

 "A/an" is used to refer to a non-specific or non-particular member of the group "I would like to go see a movie"

### Articles (cont)

- Remember, using a or an depends on the sound that begins the next word. So...
- A + singular noun beginning with a consonant: a
   boy; a car; a bike; a zoo; a dog
- In an + singular noun beginning with a vowel: an elephant; an egg; an apple; an idiot; an orphan
- A + singular noun beginning with a consonant sound: a user (sounds like 'yoo-zer,' i.e. begins with a consonant 'y' sound, so 'a' is used); a university; a unicycle

an + nouns starting with silent "h": an hour